

POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER

Universe: Families

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Tell us what you think. [Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.](#)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	164,102	+/-4,083
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	11,031	+/-1,425
Married-couple family:	3,459	+/-733
Less than high school graduate	355	+/-271
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1,705	+/-470
Some college, associate's degree	1,090	+/-407
Bachelor's degree or higher	309	+/-193
Other families:	7,572	+/-1,267
Male householder, no wife present:	1,714	+/-571
Less than high school graduate	314	+/-124
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1,076	+/-473
Some college, associate's degree	324	+/-221
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	+/-155
Female householder, no husband present:	5,858	+/-1,178
Less than high school graduate	753	+/-246
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	2,990	+/-743
Some college, associate's degree	1,905	+/-746
Bachelor's degree or higher	210	+/-190
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	153,071	+/-3,995
Married-couple family:	118,709	+/-3,785
Less than high school graduate	3,569	+/-731
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	22,943	+/-2,117
Some college, associate's degree	45,197	+/-2,866
Bachelor's degree or higher	47,000	+/-2,771
Other families:	34,362	+/-2,942
Male householder, no wife present:	12,680	+/-1,622
Less than high school graduate	1,061	+/-418
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	4,468	+/-952
Some college, associate's degree	4,084	+/-1,015
Bachelor's degree or higher	3,067	+/-844
Female householder, no husband present:	21,682	+/-2,287
Less than high school graduate	1,325	+/-314
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	6,785	+/-1,452
Some college, associate's degree	9,158	+/-1,361
Bachelor's degree or higher	4,414	+/-1,023

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2016
2015
2014
2013
2012
2011
2010
2009
2008
2007
2006
2005

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.